### Illicit Discharge Prevention Recap

Illicit discharges occur when anything other than rainwater enters a storm drain, ditch or waterbody. Water that enters the drainage system is not treated before it enters the nearest waterbody. Therefore any illicit discharges go directly into the nearest waterway where they can impact drinking water, kill fish, limit the amount of fish we can eat from an area or limit our recreational use of a waterway.

There are simple steps that we all can do to minimize impacts to our waterways some examples are as follows:

- Store materials indoors
- Keep all containers tightly sealed
- Store materials away from storm drains
- Properly dispose of trash
- Properly dispose of all waste oils, chemicals, pesticides, etc.
- Apply fertilizers and pesticides as per the manufactures directions
- Insure septic systems are properly operating



Lafayette Airport Commission 222 Jet Ranger X Drive

Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone: 337-266-4401 Fax: 337-266-4410

www.lftairport.com

# Protecting the Vermillion River:

Your Recreational Area

Part 23 – Illicit Discharge Prevention: Updated

Lafayette Airport Commission Lafayette Regional Airport





Picture from the following web site: nonpoint.deq.louisiana.gov



Image from the following website: www.charlottesville.org

#### What are illicit discharges?

Illicit discharges occur when anything other than rainwater enters a storm drain, ditch or waterbody. Some exceptions are water from firefighting activities and discharges that are covered by a discharge permit. Common illicit discharges are trash, fertilizers, oils, wash water, pesticides, and sewage.



Image from the following website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/

## How can illicit discharges affect me?



<u>Fertilizers</u> cause high levels of nutrients in waterways. This causes algae blooms that can lead to low levels of oxygen in the water and fish kills.







<u>Oils and pesticides</u> contain toxic compounds and metals that can end up in our drinking water and accumulate in aquatic organisms.

<u>Trash</u> can clog drainage systems causing flooding, harm wildlife and take away the beauty of our waterways.

Sewage can contain harmful bacteria and toxic compounds that can make it unsafe to swim, fish, or do other recreational activities in our waterways.

Images from the following websites: glisa.umich.edu, eoearth.org, vermilionville.org, mnscuba.com

#### **Illicit Discharge Prevention Tips**

- 1. Store materials indoors
- 2. Keep material inventories to a minimum
- 3. Keep all containers tightly sealed
- 4. Store materials away from storm drains
- 5. Perform maintenance activities indoors and away from storm drains
- 6. Use spill prevention measures during maintenance activities
- 7. All oil collected should immediately be transferred to a designated storage container
- Containers of oil with a capacity greater than or equal to 55 gallons should have secondary containment with a minimum

freeboard of 110% of the containers capacity

 Containment structures should be checked regularly for liquid accumulation. If any liquid other than rain water (i.e. fuel, oil, etc.) is present, then the liquid must be properly disposed



Image from the following website: http://www.morro-bay.ca.us/

- 10. All drums, tanks, and containers should be routinely inspected for leaks
- 11. Properly dispose of trash in containers with lids
- 12. Properly dispose of all waste oils, chemicals, pesticides, etc
- 13. Apply fertilizers and pesticides as per the manufactures directions
- 14. Insure septic systems are properly operating



Image from the following website: ausmepa.org.au, prairierivers.org, villageofhoward.com, cwsec-sc.org